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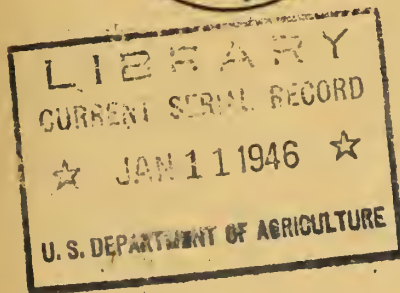
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Foreign Crops and MARKETS



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L A T E N E W S

Food and Agriculture Conference: The work of panel groups appointed to draft recommendations covering numerous subjects relating to world agriculture commanded major attention during the second week of the Food and Agriculture Organization's first meeting in Quebec, Canada.

Reports of these panels are expected to be completed by October 30, and Chairman L. B. Pearson of Canada said the Conference should be concluded soon thereafter.

At the beginning of the week the FAO meeting got down to work on issues of great importance when nine panel groups were named to study matters of outstanding interest. The panels, headed by representatives of the countries indicated, were assigned the following subjects: (1) Rural social welfare (France); (2) education, extension, and exchange of scientific information (United States); (3) production, research and techniques (United Kingdom); (4) soil resources development and conservation which will include irrigation, drainage, erosion control, salinity control, and range management (New Zealand); (5) integration and coordination of agricultural programs and policies including national and international (United States); (6) credit cooperatives and related matters (United Kingdom); (7) industrial needs for agriculture including machinery, fertilizer, and pesticides (Belgium); (8) special needs for war devastated countries (Poland); (9) special needs for countries in tropical and sub-tropical regions (India).

Meanwhile, the panels were instructed to recommend possible FAO action regarding the subjects studied and to evolve suggestions as to FAO's relations to national governments, including a system for periodic reports to FAO.

An Anglo-French resolution, adopted by the Constitution and Diplomatic Questions Committee, provides for winding up the International Institute of Agriculture. The Marketing Committee approved a resolution stressing the importance of FAO establishing direct and effective relationships with other organizations concerned with world trade in food and other agricultural products, but commodity agreements were not named specifically. It was further recommended that the Director General, whose nomination was expected at any time, make a study of the machinery to be used. A standing Technical Advisory Committee, Special Committees and small international conferences on specific subjects were among the possible methods suggested.

Late News continued on Page 256.

COMMODITY DEVELOPMENTS

GRAINS, GRAIN PRODUCTS, AND FEEDS**SMALL ARGENTINE GRAIN
ACREAGE CONFIRMED**

Small grain seedings for the current season in Argentina are confirmed by the second official estimate, which shows only a slight increase over the first estimate of probable acreage. Wheat, rye, and oat acreages are somewhat smaller than in 1944, whereas the barley acreage is about 25 percent larger than the seeded acreage in 1944. The latest estimate places the area as follows, in thousand acres, with the 1944 seeded acreage in parentheses: Wheat, 14,188 (15,369); rye, 3,603 (3,979); oats, 4,104 (4,927); and barley 2,333 (1,862).

Current reports indicate that moderate temperatures during September were favorable to crop growth, but sections in the west and southwest needed rain. The condition of wheat in Buenos Aires, southern Santa Fe, and the Pampa was said to be satisfactory, while the condition in other sections was reported as fair. Corn planting is progressing actively, and a substantial increase is predicted by trade sources.

**CANADA'S HAY CROP LARGER
THAN LAST YEAR'S**

Production of the principal hay crops in Canada was about 15 percent larger this year than in 1944, according to official estimates. The main hay and clover crop, for which the estimate was released in September, was placed at 17,637,000 tons. All cuttings of alfalfa were indicated in October at 3,948,000 tons. Outturns of all varieties of hay are the largest of recent years.

CANADA: Hay, clover, and alfalfa acreage and production,
average 1938-1942, annual 1943-1945

Year	Hay and clover		Alfalfa		Total	
	Acreage	Pro- duction	Acreage	Pro- duction	Acreage	Pro- duction
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	acres	tons	acres	tons	acres	tons
Average 1938-1942	9,147	13,988	1,110	2,654	10,257	16,642
1943.....	9,816	17,238	1,544	3,891	11,360	21,129
1944.....	10,120	15,102	1,507	3,644	11,627	18,746
1945.....	9,975	17,637	1,601	3,948	11,576	21,585

from official sources.

Quebec and Ontario, together, produced about 70 percent of the hay and clover crop and these Provinces are normally important sources of any imports for the United States, particularly the northeastern States. Ontario is also the largest producer of alfalfa.

CANADA: Production of hay, by Provinces,
average 1938-1942, annual 1943-1945

Province	Average : : 1938-1942:	1943	1944	1945
	: 1,000 tons:	: 1,000 tons:	: 1,000 tons:	: 1,000 tons
Hay and clover <u>a/</u>	:	:	:	:
Maritime Provinces <u>b/</u>	1,885	2,002	1,972	2,307
Quebec	5,000	6,702	5,701	7,152
Ontario	4,951	5,732	4,680	5,528
Prairie Provinces <u>c/</u>	1,791	2,409	2,325	2,165
British Columbia	361	393	424	485
Total	13,988	17,238	15,102	17,637
Alfalfa	:	:	:	:
Quebec	71	191	149	194
Ontario	1,731	2,215	2,036	2,107
Prairie Provinces <u>c/</u>	674	1,306	1,257	1,448
British Columbia	178	179	202	199
Total	2,654	3,891	3,644	3,948

From official reports.

a/ Excluding alfalfa. b/ Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick. c/ Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta.

ACTIVE DEMAND FOR RICE
REPORTED IN CUBA

Increased consumption and curtailment of stocks in 1945 have resulted in a strong demand for rice in Cuba, according to a report from Habana. While the annual demand has risen from a prewar 450 million pounds to about 500 million, around another 100 million pounds are indicated as needed in 1945-46 to build up stocks to their normal supply level. About 120 million pounds of rice were used from stocks during January-August 1945, as a result of increased consumption and difficulty of obtaining imports. Consequently, the remaining stocks as of September 1 were at a record low of 40 million pounds.

Last year's high level of rice consumption continued during the first half of 1945. Decreased supplies after July, however, will probably result in a decline in the total annual utilization. Consumption of rice in 1944 not only was the largest of any year since the war began, but it exceeded that during the 5-year (1937-1941) average period. The rise in consumption up to July 1945 is attributed primarily to the normal increase in population. Taking into account an annual percentage gain in population, the per capita consumption does not appear to have quite returned to the prewar average (1937-1941) of slightly more than 100 pounds per capita.

percentage gain in population, the per capita consumption does not appear to have quite returned to the prewar average (1937-1941) of slightly more than 100 pounds per capita.

CUBA: Rice production, imports, and apparent utilization, average 1937-1941, annual 1942 to 1945

Year	Production a/		Imports	decrease or gain:	Apparent utilization
	Rough	Milled			
	1,000 bushels	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds
Average -					
1937-1941	875	26	435	-	461
1942	1,444	42	342	-70	454
1943	1,400	41	442	+34	449
1944	2,222	65	456	+30	491
1945	1,778	52	b/ 255	-	...

Compiled from consular reports, American Embassy, Cuba, and official trade statistics.

a/ Crop harvested October-November preceding calendar year of trade and utilization. b/ January-September compared with 320 million pounds in the same period of 1944.

The prospective rice supply for the 1945-46 marketing year appears to be insufficient to meet the demand. The October-December 1945 quota for shipment of United States rice to Cuba is placed at 100 million pounds, 25 million less than imports from this country during the same period a year ago. Shipments from Ecuador and Chile are now limited because of scarcity and high prices, and Asiatic rice is not expected to be imported for some time.

Purchasing power in Cuba is expected to continue at a high level through 1946 and 1947. Since the demand for rice may not be fully met next year, all that can be obtained from the United States crop in 1945 will probably be taken at ceiling prices. Representatives in Cuba also indicate that some rice may be available from the 1946 Asiatic crop, which reaches the market in late 1946 and early 1947. Although the United States rice is now well established on the Cuban market with respect to consumer preferences and trade relations, relative prices at that time may again be an important factor in the postwar Cuban rice importation.

MEXICAN RICE CROP FORECAST SLIGHTLY SMALLER

A smaller rice crop may be harvested in Mexico in 1945. (Official forecasts for this year's crop vary from 5,490,000 to 5,780,000 bushels (161-169 million pounds milled), compared with the officially reported production of

5,801,000 bushels (170 million pounds) in 1944, a report from Mexico, D.F., disclosed. The area planted to rice was believed to be somewhat smaller than that of a year ago. Because of water scarcity, the acreage in Yaqui Valley, the principal rice-growing section, was less than last year. In Morelos, however, acreage showed an increase of about 6 percent, where yields are at least twice those in other States. Except for lack of water in some areas, particularly in Sonora, growing conditions have been favorable in most of the rice-growing States.

MEXICO: Rice production, net exports, and apparent utilization, average 1937-1941, annual 1942-1945

Year	Production a/		Net exports	Apparent Utilization	Population	Per capita disappearance
	Rough	Milled				
	1,000 bushels	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million	Pounds
Average 1937-1941	4,372	128	16	112	19.2	5.8
1942	5,357	157	51	106	20.7	5.1
1943	5,300	155	6	149	21.2	7.0
1944	5,682	166	b/	166	21.7	7.6
1945	5,801	170	-	(170)	(22.2)	(7.7)

Compiled from official statistics.

a/ Crop harvested September-December preceding calendar year of trade and utilization. b/ Less than 500,000 pounds

FATS AND OILS

CUBAN SHORTAGE OF INEDIBLE FATS CONTINUES

Despite efforts to increase supplies of essential materials, the continued shortage of inedible fats may force many Cuban soap factories to suspend operations in late October. At present there are no reserve stocks of finished soap, and a shutdown will be serious for consumers. Although the United States has agreed to supply 1 million pounds of soap fats on an emergency basis, no major relief is expected until the next arrivals of Argentine tallow, possibly late in November.

On the other hand, the supply outlook for edible fats and oils was somewhat brighter than in recent months. The importation of 6.4 million pounds of lard and 1.6 million pounds of soybean oil in September, the largest since the first of the year, helped supplement the domestic supply of peanut oil. Consumers still experience difficulties, however, in locating retail supplies as stocks remain far below commercial levels.

Cuban demand is active for fats and oils at practically any price. As a result of the shortage of products, price ceilings established by the Office of Price Regulation and Supply are difficult to enforce. Wartime prosperity, heavy consumer demand, and limited supplies have also worked to force prices upward.

The September output of domestic peanut oil was estimated at 2 million pounds. And about 10 million pounds of peanut oil are expected from the 1945 crop.

In September butter output was resumed on a substantial scale for the first time this year. The month's production is believed to have been between 400,000 and 500,000 pounds. The September rate of cattle slaughter indicated a tallow output of perhaps 2 million pounds. Most of this went into black market, however, for edible fats or for soap, with less than 300,000 pounds being visible in ordinary trade channels. Trade sources estimate that domestic hog slaughter at present is contributing no more than 200,000 pounds of lard monthly to commercial distribution.

SENEGAL PEANUT CROP LARGER THAN IN 1944

The 1945 peanut crop for Senegal, the most important peanut producing colony of French West Africa, is approximately 772 million pounds, compared with 507 million last year and the prewar average of 1,255 million. Although rains in early October may raise the estimate somewhat, the crop will still be much smaller than the expected total of 1,100 million pounds, the goal set in July for the French West African output. Greatly reduced peanut crops in this area in recent years have resulted from the shortage of transportation facilities, the lack of incentive goods, and severe droughts.

UNITED KINGDOM RESTORES WARTIME FATS AND OILS RATION

The total edible fats and oils ration, lowered to 7 ounces per week in May of this year, has now been reestablished at 8 ounces, the level in effect during the past few years. Effective November 11, the cooking fats ration will be increased from 1 to 2 ounces a week. Total butter and margarine ration will remain at 6 ounces, however those who wish may have an ounce more butter in place of margarine.

TOBACCO

AUSTRALIA'S TOBACCO PRODUCTION AND IMPORTS DECLINE

Drought conditions and labor shortages reduced Australia's 1944-45 tobacco crop. Consequently, the outturn, according to latest

estimates, was only 3.4 million pounds from 5,100 acres, a decrease of about 35 percent from the 1943-44 crop of 5.2 million pounds. Production during the crop years 1938-39 through 1942-43 averaged 5.3 million pounds annually from 8,149 acres. Most of the leaf tobacco grown in Australia consists of flue-cured types originating from United States seed.

Imports have also declined. During the first half of this year, imports of leaf tobacco amounted to 7.6 million pounds, a 25 percent decrease from the 10 million pounds imported during the corresponding period of 1944. About 96 percent of the 1945 imports originated in the United States, and most of the remainder consisted of Southern Rhodesian flue-cured. Australia imports about 75 percent of its tobacco requirements.

COLOMBIA'S TOBACCO OUTTURN UP; DEMAND STRONG

An exceptionally large Colombian tobacco crop was produced this year, according to latest estimates. Consumption of cigarettes is at a high level, and cigarette imports have also increased substantially. The 1945 harvest of leaf tobacco is estimated at about 35.3 million pounds, compared with a 1944 crop of about 28.7 million pounds and the 5-year (1936-1940) average of 29.5 million pounds. The increase in production is attributed to favorable prices, larger domestic consumption, government aid to growers, and expectations for the reopening of European markets.

Most of the increase in consumption has been in the form of cigarettes. In 1944, about 300 million packages of domestically-produced cigarettes were consumed, compared with 270 million in 1943. Although consumption of cigars declined slightly in 1944 as compared with the previous year, consumption of chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco and snuff, are believed to have been somewhat larger in 1944.

Imports of cigarettes into Colombia in 1944 showed substantial increases over the prewar level. Last year imports of cigarettes, entirely of United States origin, amounted to 541,000 pounds, compared with average imports of 365,000 pounds during the period 1939-1943. Imports of leaf tobacco into Colombia totaled only 109,000 pounds in 1944, a substantial decline from the 236,000 pounds imported in 1943. Imports of other tobacco products are insignificant. The country prohibits the importation of cigars.

For many years prior to the outbreak of World War II, Colombia was an important exporter of leaf tobacco. During the period 1935 to 1939, exports averaged 6,472,000 pounds annually. Principal destinations were Germany, France, and the Netherlands. Colombian tobacco exporters are hopeful that these formerly important outlets for the country's tobacco will soon be recovered.

* * * * *

COTTON AND OTHER FIBERSCANADIAN COTTON IMPORTS
SHOW FURTHER DECLINE

Imports of cotton into Canada during the year ended July 31, 1945, amounted to only 366,000 bales (of 478 pounds), the lowest total since 1939-40. Although the decrease resulted largely from a steady decline in consumption since the middle of 1942, it may also be attributed in part to a partial liquidation of the heavy stocks accumulated in 1941-42 when imports reached a record total of 613,000 bales. Imports of 34,500 bales in August included 28,900 from the United States and 4,700 from Mexico. American cotton has represented more than 85 percent of total imports in each of the past three years.

CANADA: Imports of cotton by countries, 1944-45 with comparisons
(Bales of 478 pounds net)

Countries	Year beginning August 1					
	1939-40	1940-41	1941-42	1942-43	1943-44	1944-45
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
United States	459	189	294	318	326	326
Brazil	11	255	271	29	a/	10
Egypt	15	14	21	4	a/	1
Mexico	0	b/	b/	7	6	26
Peru	0	3	18	6	a/	a/
British India	2	2	4	2	2	3
Other countries	1	0	5	6	2	0
Total	488	463	613	372	336	366

Compiled from Quarterly Report of the Trade of Canada.

a/ Less than 500 bales. b/ If any included under "Other countries."

Regular delivery and lower prices were the principal factors that caused Canadian importers to obtain most of their imports from the United States and increased quantities from Mexico in recent years. The scarcity of shipping from other countries was also a strong factor and has not yet been overcome. The difference in prices of the various growths was of only secondary importance to cotton importers, as prices of comparable qualities have been equalized for several years by a Government subsidy designed to enable manufacturers to sell their goods within the authorized ceilings.

With a quotation of December futures in New York of 22.77 United States cents in September the price of good white American Middling 15/16" staple delivered at Canadian mills would be calculated at 20.85

Canadian cents per pound after taking account of the exchange premium and the United States export payment of 4 cents as well as of transportation, insurance, and other usual expenses. Comparable Brazilian cotton would cost 20.55 Canadian cents delivered at Canadian mills.

Cotton consumption (all purposes) in Canada declined largely as a result of shortage of labor, from a peak of 507,000 bales during the year ended July 31, 1942, to 457,000 in 1942-43, 394,000 in 1943-44, and 371,000 in 1944-45. Consumption in August and September this year were reported at 30,000 and 29,000 bales, respectively.

Cotton mill operations are still handicapped by a shortage of skilled labor, while civilian demand for cotton goods remains unsatisfied. Cotton goods produced for military requirements will represent only 10 to 12 percent of total output in the last 3 months of 1945 compared with 25 percent in the previous quarter. Following reductions in automotive and shipbuilding programs and in military demand, need for cotton duck dropped 50 percent. The sharp reduction in military requirements and the effect of considerable unemployment during the period of reconversion have tended to narrow the gap between civilian demand and available supplies of cotton goods. This gap is partly covered by sales of clothing and other items to discharged military personnel.

Mill owners hope to increase cotton consumption to about the 1941 level of nearly 500,000 bales as soon as sufficient labor becomes available. Even though many workers have been released from jobs in war plants, they are reluctant to accept work in textile mills where wages are generally much lower.

LARGER SISAL CROP EXPECTED IN BRITISH EAST AFRICA

The British East African sisal crop of 1945 is expected to exceed the record-breaking crop of nearly 319 million pounds in 1944. About 61 million pounds were produced in Tanganyika and 17.5 million pounds in Kenya and Uganda during the first quarter of this year. This makes a total of 78.5 million pounds, or nearly 10 percent more than was produced in British East Africa during the same quarter of 1944. Production declined during the second quarter, as is usual during the rainy season, but good drying weather throughout the latter part of the year should assure another record crop.

Increased production has been made possible by imports of mechanical equipment during the past year, and also by the enlargement of the Pangani Falls power plant to two and one-half times its former capacity. This plant furnishes power for the estates of the Tanga district and also those near Mombasi. During the past year, Tanganyika produced 249 million pounds, or nearly 80 percent of the East African crop. Average production immediately before the war averaged about 192 million pounds in Tanganyika, 67 million in Kenya, and 2 million in Uganda, making a total of 261 million pounds in British East Africa.

Domestic consumption of sisal is negligible and exports are about equal to production when markets and shipping space are available. Before the war the principal markets for East African sisal were in the United Kingdom, Belgium, Germany, and the United States, although shipments were made to nearly all of the European countries and to many other countries of the world.

Sisal ranks first in importance among the agricultural products of Tanganyika. About 36 percent of the total number of laborers were employed in sisal production late in 1943.

WEEKLY COTTON PRICES ON FOREIGN MARKETS

COTTON: Price of certain foreign growths
and quality in specified markets

Market location, kind and quality	Date :1945 :	Unit of weight	Unit of : currency:	Price in : foreign : currency :	Equivalent : U.S. cents : per pound
Alexandria (spot)	:	:Kantar	:	:	:
Asiimouni, F.C.F.....	:10-11:	99.05 lbs.	:Tallaris:	35.50	: 29.64
Giza 7, F.C.F.	:10-11:	99.05 lbs.	:Tallaris:	Not quoted	:
Karnak, F.C.F.	:10-11:	99.05 lbs.	:Tallaris:	38.50	: 32.14
Bombay (Jan. '46 futures):	:	:Candy	:	:	:
Jarila	:10-12:	784 lbs.	:Rupee	: 411.75	: 15.82
Bombay (spot)	:	:Candy	:	:	:
Kampela, East African..	:10-12:	784 lbs.	:Rupee	: 850.00	: 32.66
Buenos Aires (Spot)	:	:Metric ton	:	:	:
Type B	:10-13:	2204.6 lbs.	:Peso	:1300.00	: 17.56
Lima (spot)	:	:Sp. Quintal	:	:	:
Tanguis, Type 5	:10-13:	101.4 lbs.	:Sol	: 105.00	: 15.93
Recife (spot)	:	:Arroba	:	:	:
Mata, Type 5	:10-12:	33.07 lbs.	:Cruzeiro:	88.00	: 14.49
Sertao, Type 5	:10-12:	33.07 lbs.	:Cruzeiro:	95.00	: 15.64
Sao Paulo (spot)	:	:Arroba	:	:	:
Sao Paulo, Type 5.....	:10-12:	33.07 lbs.	:Cruzeiro:	88.50	: 14.57
Torreón (spot)	:	:Sp. Quintal	:	:	:
Middling, 15/16"	:10-13:	101.4 lbs.	:Peso	: 86.25	: 17.50

Compiled from weekly cables from representatives abroad.

AUSTRALIA CITRUS CROP SMALLER THAN LAST YEAR

The 1945-46 production of citrus in Australia is estimated at 2,674,000 boxes, a decrease of 20 percent from the 3,307,000 boxes produced last season.

Orange production for the 1945-46 season is estimated at 2,333,000 boxes. This is a decrease of 15 percent from the 2,752,000 boxes produced last season. Lemon production, estimated at 250,000 boxes, is 37 percent smaller than the crop of 395,000 boxes harvested the previous year. Other citrus including grapefruit is placed at 91,000 boxes, or almost 42 percent smaller than last year's crop of 160,000 boxes.

Although citrus is produced in every State of Australia except Tasmania, New South Wales is the principal producer. In 1943-44, the latest year for which acreage statistics are available, New South Wales had 58 percent of the total citrus acreage of the Commonwealth. Victoria is the second largest producing State, followed by South Australia, Western Australia, and Queensland, in order of importance as producing States.

The 1945-46 citrus crop in New South Wales suffered from unfavorable growing conditions. Frequent strong winds and dust storms resulted in a poor yield for most of the navel orange crop, although the fruit was generally large in size. Owing to frost damage in the winter of 1944, grapefruit and navel orange yields were light in Victoria. The lemon crop was also very small. Valencia oranges, however, will probably be about normal. The area devoted to citrus growing in Australia increased steadily in the 10 years ended June 30, 1930, when about 55,000 acres were under all citrus. Since then the acreage declined, and in 1943-44 was 9 percent less than in 1929-30. This decrease has resulted from a decline in acreage planted to orange trees. Lemons and grapefruit both show an increase in acreage.

CUBAN VEGETABLE SHIPMENTS TO BEGIN IN DECEMBER

Provided enough cargo space is made available, volume shipments of vegetables from Cuba are expected to start in late December and January. Although vegetable plantings, chiefly tomatoes, have been somewhat delayed for the 1945-46 season, pending solution of the tight shipping situation, present indications point to a marked improvement in the availability of cargo space this winter. In addition to the seatrains service to Florida, two sailings weekly to New York and one to New Orleans are expected to go into effect. Should this space be made available, the Cubans would be provided with 3,000 tons of shipping space weekly, the minimum considered necessary to move the winter fruit and vegetable crop.

Tomato shipments this year are estimated to increase 50 percent over last year's shipment of 368,000 lugs of 32 pounds but will still be much below the 1,834,000 lugs shipped during the period 1938-39 to 1940-41. There will be some eggplant, cucumbers, and peppers, but pimentos exports will be small since growers have been unable to get seed from the United States. Okra will probably be around 10,000 crates or twice the amount shipped last year.

October 29, 1945

Foreign Crops and Markets

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MOROCCO WINE
PRODUCTION REDUCED

Production of wine in Morocco for 1945 is estimated at 7,925,000 gallons, a decrease of 57 percent from the 13,869,000 gallons produced in 1944. Prolonged drought retarded development of grapes in many places. During the latter part of July grapes suffered from hot dry winds which aggravated the situation. Because of the reduced output, imports of around 10,567,000 gallons of wine in 1944 were necessary to supplement the small crop of 8 million gallons produced in 1943. To supplement the crop in 1944 imports of 8 million gallons in 1945 have been arranged.

NEW PLANT PESTS
REPORTED IN SWEDEN

Red currants near Grodinge in Sweden have been damaged by a blackish-brown wingless plant louse, "*Rhopalosiphoninus ribesinus* v.d. Goot." This is the first appearance of the louse in Sweden although it has been previously reported in Holland, England, and Latvia.

A second injurious insect known as the asparagus fly "*Platyparaea poeciloptera*-Schrk," with a dark-brown body, yellowish-brown head and legs, and wings with black-ribbon marks, has been causing damage to plants. Eggs are deposited in the plant texture where they hatch in a few days. The larvae begin a channel system in the stalk and root system, often causing death to the plant.

Finally, a small black parasitic hymenopter, belonging to the *Bruchaphagus* family, has been attacking seeds of yellow alfalfa and *Karinggigel*, a weed, in Sweden. Often 10 percent of the seeds is destroyed. The insect spreads easily by means of the seed. Although this species may possibly have been brought into Sweden with shipments of foreign seed, indications are that it may have been present for many years.

LIVESTOCK AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS

INDIA TO CONTINUE WARTIME
LIVESTOCK IMPROVEMENT PLAN

The livestock and dairy improvement program, put into effect by the Indian Government during the war as part of the "Grow-More-Food" program, has proved so successful that it will be continued with redoubled vigor in the postwar period, a recent announcement disclosed. Under this program, experiments in the latest methods of breeding were fostered, and steps were taken to eliminate inferior-grade livestock.

As a result of a Conference of the Department of Education, Health, and Lands in 1942, a Central Food Advisory Council was created to administer the wartime food program. This council was to pool information, plan food production on all-India basis, and give advice on distribution

and production problems. An additional Secretary was added to the Central Government of India in order to coordinate the program on a country-wide basis. At a later date agricultural experts in various fields, including livestock and dairy farming, were appointed to the staff.

In order to improve the quality of livestock, definite steps were taken. The goshalos, local points where ailing and disabled cattle are kept, were converted into centers for milk production and for scientific management of cattle. In addition, the plan called for separation of inferior quality livestock and maintenance of such stock at concessional rates in forest reservations under natural conditions without any breeding bulls in the herds. By this method breeding and production of inferior quality cattle were expected to be eliminated.

The program to encourage increased milk production includes: (1) Survey of milk supply zones around large cities in order to speed milk procurement in those areas; (2) supply of an adequate quantity of oil cakes and other concentrates for cattle owners; (3) payment of subsidies to dairy farms; and (4) procurement of dairy machinery and equipment.

For the purpose of financing surveys and providing needed information on agriculture, the Indian Government has made financial grants to the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research and to various Provinces.

LATE NEWS (continued)

The first all-India cotton report for 1945-46 places the acreage planted prior to October 1, 1945, at 9,297,000 acres, or 20 percent less than the corresponding figure of 11,560,000 acres for 1944-45. The figures shown in the first official report usually represent around 60 percent of the final estimate, released about a year later, but vary up to 75 percent in years when late planting is curtailed as was the case last year. The reduction in cotton acreage in 1944 and 1945 was largely the result of the Government-sponsored "Grow-More-Food" campaign.

Cotton acreage restrictions in Peru will remain in effect for another year, according to a resolution issued by the Minister of Agriculture on September 8, 1945. A 20-percent reduction in cotton acreage was decreed by law in 1942, effective for 1943 and subsequent crops, in conformity with the terms of the United States-Peruvian cotton purchase arrangement. The land was diverted to food crops. The recent decree was intended mainly to prevent a deficiency in food production in 1946 as a result of diversion of acreage back to cotton.

An agreement has been made between Denmark and Sweden under which Denmark is to deliver about 46,000 bushels of apples and 11,000 bushels of pears to Sweden this year, representing a value of about 1 million kroner (\$238,600). This is only a small percentage of the total Danish crop of apples and pears of around 3.8 million bushels, but present deliveries are expected to lead to more business between the two countries.

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Foreign Crops and MARKETS



ISSUED

OCTOBER 31, 1945

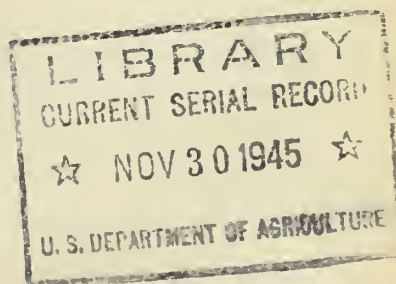
MONTHLY SUPPLEMENT

UNITED STATES FOREIGN TRADE

IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

AUGUST 1945

WITH COMPARISONS



Issued by the OFFICE OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WASHINGTON, D.C.

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Note: Except as otherwise noted, all trade figures in this publication are compiled from publications and official records, Bureau of the Census.

Until further notice, no analysis of United States foreign trade in agricultural products will accompany the tables published in the monthly foreign-trade supplement of Foreign Crops and Markets.

SUMMARY TABLE: Quantity indexes of foreign trade in agricultural products, adjusted for seasonal variation, August 1945, with comparisons

Commodity or commodity group	August 1945									
	1942	1943	1944	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	
	January 1924 - December 1929 = 100:									
EXPORTS										
All agricultural commodities <u>a/</u> .	50	119	66	72	77	90	95	119	75	
Cotton fiber, incl. linters ..	21	92	10	32	22	46	79	101	59	
All commodities except cotton.	77	144	118	108	128	130	109	135	89	
Tobacco, unmanufactured	80	141	78	120	152	263	111	182	134	
Fruits	38	60	55	92	129	111	119	100	58	
Wheat and wheat flour	12	14	20	44	40	46	71	91	75	
Grains, other than wheat and flour	37	24	27	57	54	80	83	60	33	
Pork, cured	112	94	80	47	60	30	12	13	5	
Lard, including neutral	69	174	138	140	126	58	56	74	45	
IMPORTS										
All agricultural commodities <u>b/</u> .	64	99	78	76	83	85	80	79	104	
Complementary <u>c/</u>	30	65	49	73	65	71	69	75	91	
Supplementary <u>c/</u>	107	143	115	80	105	103	93	85	121	
Sugar	34	71	66	96	84	54	55	40	72	
Supplementary, except sugar.	135	170	133	74	113	121	107	101	139	
Wool, excl. free for carpets	816	930	477	239	274	459	553	471	829	
Hides and skins	142	54	67	33	65	52	33	51	43	
Dairy products	40	28	3	7	1	8	14	11	79	
Vegetable oils and oilseeds	29	50	74	41	72	114	44	37	73	
Grains, grain products, and feeds	22	815	746	160	573	324	311	315	226	
Tobacco, leaf	89	73	83	59	63	66	65	69	92	

a/ Based on 74 classifications.

b/ Based on 122 classifications.

c/ Supplementary agricultural imports consist of all imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States, together with all other agricultural imports interchangeable to any significant extent with such United States commodities. Complementary agricultural imports include all others, about 95 percent of which consist of rubber, coffee, raw silk, cacao beans, wool for carpets, bananas, tea, and spices.

SUMMARY TABLE: Value of foreign trade in agricultural products, July-August 1944 and 1945

Commodity or commodity group	July-August		a/	
	1944	1945	1945 increase (↓) or decrease (-)	
	1,000	1,000	1,000	
	dollars	dollars	dollars	Percent
Agricultural products:				
Exports	341,727	372,506	+30,779	+9
Imports, supplementary	170,906	161,984	-8,922	-5
EXPORTS (domestic)				
Total exports, all commodities	2,372,622	1,571,843	-800,779	-34
Agricultural	341,727	372,506	+30,779	+9
Cotton and lintens, unmanufactured.	14,693	58,789	+44,096	+300
Agricultural, other than cotton ...	327,034	313,717	-13,317	-4
Canned meats, except pork	34,138	30,454	-3,684	-11
Dairy products	46,196	49,852	+3,656	+8
Eggs and egg products	39,676	33,928	-5,748	-14
Field and garden seeds	871	1,084	+213	+24
Fruits and preparations	15,360	16,642	+1,282	+8
Grains and preparations	23,130	58,281	+35,151	+152
Linseed oil	15,667	192	-15,475	-99
Oil cake and oilcake meal	132	52	-80	-61
Pork and lard	82,617	14,038	-68,579	-83
Tobacco, unmanufactured	25,967	38,511	+12,544	+48
Vegetables and preparations	14,261	26,158	+11,897	+83
Other agricultural	29,019	44,525	+15,506	+53
IMPORTS (for consumption)				
Total imports, all commodities	588,268	699,358	+111,090	+19
Complementary agricultural	83,393	124,347	+40,954	+49
Supplementary agricultural	170,906	161,984	-8,922	-5
Sugar, excluding beet	33,465	30,039	-3,426	-10
Beef, canned, including corned	5,678	371	-5,307	-93
Cattle, dutiable	905	1,547	+642	+71
Cheese	105	322	+217	+207
Cotton and lintens, unmanufactured.	899	3,583	+2,684	+299
Feeds and fodders	939	1,293	+354	+38
Grains and preparations	35,606	14,809	-20,797	-58
Hides and skins	11,094	7,838	-3,256	-29
Molasses	8,058	2,554	-5,504	-68
Nuts and preparations	3,862	5,945	+2,083	+54
Oilseeds	5,662	4,165	-1,497	-26
Tobacco, unmanufactured	8,694	10,165	+1,471	+17
Vegetable oils, expressed	8,803	10,882	+2,079	+24
Vegetables and preparations	1,474	1,457	-17	-1
Wool, unmf., excl. free for carpets	21,010	36,497	+15,487	+74
Other supplementary agricultural ..	24,652	30,517	+5,865	+24

a/ Compiled from tables, appearing in this issue, which carry exports and imports of principal agricultural products. Corrected to October 19, 1945.

SUMMARY TABLE: Quantity indexes of foreign trade in agricultural products.
July-August 1945 with comparisons a/

Commodity or commodity group	July-August						Increase(+) or decrease (-) of 1945 from 9-year average
	9-year						
	average						
	1930- 1938	1942	1943	1944	1945		
: January 1924 - December 1929 = 100							
<u>EXPORTS</u>							
All agricultural commodities <u>b/</u>	47	44	83	59	67		+20
Cotton fiber, incl. linters .	44	7	38	10	37		-7
All commodities except cotton	50	73	124	105	96		+46
Tobacco, unmanufactured ...	55	50	92	64	95		+40
Fruits	89	33	55	48	57		-32
Wheat and wheat flour	47	16	20	28	90		+43
Grains, other than wheat and flour	42	36	32	31	40		-2
Pork, cured	30	121	88	54	10		-20
Lard, including neutral ...	37	72	131	164	50		+13
<u>IMPORTS</u>							
All agricultural commodities <u>c/</u>	91	56	84	74	80		-11
Complementary <u>d/</u>	100	34	62	54	30		-20
Supplementary <u>d/</u>	81	86	114	99	82		+1
Sugar	85	36	94	79	59		-26
Supplementary, except sugar	79	104	121	106	90		+11
Wool, excluding free for carpets	32	565	526	297	40		+3
Hides and skins	77	124	67	76	51		-26
Dairy products	46	31	22	2	8		-33
Vegetable oils and oilseeds	112	34	51	52	52		-60
Grains, grain products, and feeds	223	32	613	614	245		+22
Tobacco, leaf	57	78	62	66	67		+10

a/ Average of monthly index not adjusted for seasonal variation.

b/ Based on 74 classifications.

c/ Based on 122 classifications.

d/ Supplementary agricultural imports consist of all imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States, together with all other agricultural imports interchangeable to any significant extent with such United States commodities. Complementary agricultural imports include all others, about 95 percent of which consist of rubber, coffee, raw silk, cacao beans, wool for carpets, bananas, tea, and spices.

SUMMARY TABLE: Value of foreign trade, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1944-45, and monthly, July 1943 to date

Year and month	Domestic exports				Imports (for consumption) a/			
	Agricultural				Agricultural			
	All commodities	Total	Cotton unmd.	Agri., excl. cotton	All commodities	Total	Supple-mentary	Comple-mentary
Monthly average	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars
1932-33	117.8	49.1	27.0	22.1	97.3	51.1	23.5	27.6
1933-34	167.4	65.6	36.9	28.7	139.5	69.9	34.9	35.0
1934-35	173.8	55.7	27.8	27.9	149.1	77.8	41.5	36.3
1935-36	198.0	63.9	33.2	30.7	184.0	95.1	53.5	41.6
1936-37	232.6	61.0	31.9	29.1	241.0	128.1	72.3	55.8
1937-38	280.1	74.2	26.0	48.2	194.2	96.3	49.0	47.3
1938-39	240.4	56.9	14.9	42.0	173.2	83.2	40.5	42.7
1939-40	312.0	61.5	28.9	32.6	204.0	103.2	47.6	55.6
1940-41	329.9	29.2	5.6	23.6	234.1	122.7	52.3	70.4
1941-42	537.5	85.8	8.1	77.7	256.0	125.3	64.1	61.2
1942-43	835.7	123.9	11.3	112.6	250.4	112.1	80.5	31.6
1943-44	1224.8	189.0	12.1	176.9	316.7	147.9	103.7	44.2
1944-45 Prel. :	1044.6	179.2	15.5	163.7	330.0	144.2	92.8	51.4
1943-44 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	1257.2	178.6	26.0	152.6	296.0	132.9	88.9	44.0
August	1268.9	220.1	36.1	184.0	306.8	130.9	86.6	44.3
September	1252.6	230.2	15.7	214.5	285.3	135.7	91.4	44.3
October	1229.4	217.7	13.5	204.2	317.3	146.5	110.6	35.9
November	1060.3	154.2	6.8	147.4	302.6	118.7	89.1	29.6
December	1274.1	218.4	8.1	210.3	274.2	109.3	79.5	29.8
January	1115.5	169.5	7.1	162.4	304.6	148.7	108.1	40.6
February	1098.1	137.9	4.7	133.2	304.6	143.5	105.4	38.1
March	1187.3	162.9	4.7	158.2	357.4	178.9	113.7	65.2
April	1221.0	169.4	10.7	158.7	356.2	186.3	141.6	44.7
May	1444.9	231.5	6.8	224.7	372.7	195.4	129.4	66.0
June	1287.8	178.0	5.0	173.0	322.9	148.3	99.9	48.4
1944-45 Prel. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	1188.9	181.2	11.0	170.2	289.8	133.7	87.1	46.6
August	1180.7	160.5	3.7	156.8	296.4	120.6	83.8	36.8
September	1185.5	190.3	4.7	185.6	278.6	125.5	90.0	35.5
October	1136.9	197.6	21.3	176.3	331.6	152.8	92.7	60.1
November	1176.5	175.7	24.6	151.1	324.4	147.4	92.6	54.8
December	927.9	142.5	10.3	132.2	332.8	137.6	85.2	52.4
January	894.7	147.5	9.7	137.8	355.2	176.3	117.8	58.5
February	871.9	170.3	13.3	157.0	329.7	149.2	88.3	60.9
March	1008.9	183.3	21.3	162.0	365.6	154.3	95.0	59.3
April	984.3	198.8	11.9	186.9	355.9	158.0	109.5	48.5
May	1120.4	228.6	21.6	207.0	363.7	148.7	96.1	52.6
June	859.0	173.7	32.6	141.1	336.1	126.5	75.0	51.5
1945-46 Prel. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	846.4	210.7	36.2	174.5	340.6	130.2	73.5	56.7
August	1571.8	372.5	58.8	313.7	353.7	156.1	88.5	67.6

a/ General imports prior to 1933-34.

SUMMARY TABLE: Quantity indexes of foreign trade, 1932-33 to 1944-45, and monthly, adjusted for seasonal variation, July 1943 to date

Year and month	Domestic exports				Imports (for consumption) a/			
	Agricultural				Agricultural			
	All	Cotton,	Total,	All	Total	Supple-	Comple-	
	commodi- ties b/	Total	incl. linters	except cotton	commodi- ties b/	mentary	mentary	
Year beginning	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July 1 c/-	:	:	January 1924 - December 1929 = 100				:	:
1932-33	54 :	75 :	102 :	50 :	68 :	79 :	60 :	94
1933-34	64 :	74 :	99 :	52 :	81 :	92 :	74 :	106
1934-35	61 :	49 :	60 :	38 :	83 :	90 :	83 :	97
1935-36	69 :	57 :	76 :	40 :	99 :	103 :	98 :	106
1936-37	76 :	51 :	68 :	36 :	118 :	116 :	118 :	115
1937-38	93 :	70 :	70 :	70 :	94 :	92 :	80 :	102
1938-39	86 :	57 :	43 :	70 :	90 :	91 :	77 :	102
1939-40	106 :	63 :	77 :	50 :	98 :	102 :	87 :	113
1940-41	110 :	25 :	15 :	34 :	111 :	128 :	104 :	146
1941-42	148 :	49 :	14 :	82 :	105 :	102 :	104 :	100
1942-43	201 :	55 :	15 :	92 :	92 :	78 :	122 :	44
1943-44	271 :	67 :	15 :	115 :	107 :	89 :	125 :	61
1944-45 Prel..	206 :	64 :	20 :	105 :	108 :	84 :	106 :	68
1943-44	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	291 :	112 :	72 :	149 :	103 :	96 :	137 :	65
August	286 :	119 :	92 :	144 :	108 :	99 :	143 :	65
September	303 :	79 :	17 :	138 :	100 :	101 :	148 :	64
October	288 :	56 :	10 :	99 :	109 :	96 :	159 :	47
November	243 :	50 :	5 :	91 :	103 :	77 :	124 :	41
December	288 :	75 :	7 :	139 :	94 :	71 :	116 :	36
January	241 :	53 :	8 :	94 :	103 :	84 :	122 :	55
February	234 :	50 :	6 :	91 :	103 :	79 :	116 :	51
March	255 :	52 :	7 :	94 :	117 :	95 :	107 :	86
April	258 :	65 :	19 :	108 :	117 :	98 :	149 :	59
May	302 :	87 :	14 :	156 :	121 :	116 :	139 :	98
June	264 :	71 :	12 :	126 :	105 :	95 :	124 :	72
1944-45 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	246 :	81 :	30 :	128 :	95 :	89 :	120 :	66
August	234 :	66 :	10 :	118 :	99 :	78 :	115 :	49
September	234 :	68 :	5 :	126 :	93 :	82 :	126 :	48
October	219 :	59 :	15 :	101 :	109 :	94 :	121 :	74
November	228 :	54 :	17 :	89 :	108 :	94 :	123 :	72
December	183 :	44 :	8 :	78 :	111 :	89 :	120 :	65
January	173 :	50 :	10 :	88 :	115 :	97 :	125 :	77
February	168 :	68 :	19 :	114 :	109 :	83 :	88 :	79
March	196 :	72 :	32 :	108 :	117 :	76 :	80 :	73
April	196 :	77 :	22 :	128 :	114 :	83 :	105 :	65
May	221 :	90 :	46 :	130 :	116 :	85 :	103 :	71
June	168 :	95 :	79 :	109 :	108 :	80 :	93 :	69
1945-46 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	170 :	119 :	101 :	135 :	112 :	79 :	85 :	75
August	147 :	75 :	59 :	89 :	112 :	104 :	121 :	91

a/ General imports prior to January 1, 1934. b/ Compiled from indexes prepared by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Monthly indexes not adjusted for seasonal variation. c/ Average of unadjusted monthly indexes.

EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1944-45, and monthly, July 1943 to date

Year and month	Milk evapo- rated (unsweet- ened)	Cheese	Egg products frozen, dried etc.	Hams and shoulders	Bacon and sides	Pork, pickled
Monthly average	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
1932-33	2,805	112	4	5,934	1,475	1,190
1933-34	2,743	104	5	5,957	1,987	1,589
1934-35	3,296	112	5	5,380	990	1,225
1935-36	2,123	95	9	3,893	362	624
1936-37	1,866	90	7	3,271	332	831
1937-38	1,868	111	a/ 30	4,025	474	948
1938-39	2,025	125	b/	4,894	1,105	1,108
1939-40	2,966	142	c/ 15	3,071	1,884	1,548
1940-41	15,808	1,900	24	1,467	629	2,284
1941-42	56,761	17,380	13,194	7,236	14,045	6,162
1942-43	39,748	17,943	15,455	9,012	14,929	11,601
1943-44	38,892	19,395	21,570	11,984	10,871	26,729
1944-45 Prel.	44,866	20,194	17,575	5,804	6,125	16,102
1943-44 Prel.						
July	29,100	12,681	9,055	18,463	11,019	9,419
August	36,346	19,645	12,118	19,548	8,750	18,610
September	69,822	17,872	20,445	17,819	9,749	22,391
October	33,137	23,614	36,314	15,499	5,520	30,901
November	24,456	11,010	19,140	2,765	1,684	43,718
December	44,986	24,528	28,292	5,099	6,058	42,377
January	20,608	35,496	26,797	11,804	3,669	12,034
February	28,652	7,595	14,724	16,583	8,627	28,371
March	16,773	19,586	14,723	14,295	6,094	34,235
April	18,218	24,264	16,039	10,224	23,896	28,571
May	76,370	24,527	30,746	8,565	33,037	41,291
June	68,236	11,921	30,604	3,149	12,354	8,826
1944-45 Prel.						
July	35,185	21,235	19,069	2,728	5,663	18,676
August	37,824	27,066	13,910	8,539	18,398	20,696
September	57,218	40,713	24,224	1,547	2,635	22,742
October	92,042	47,634	27,970	711	1,782	7,661
November	35,805	24,877	17,467	627	2,325	16,236
December	53,387	12,087	8,456	2,782	6,268	8,005
January	32,966	9,065	8,177	13,261	8,472	8,867
February	30,909	9,238	5,799	13,837	4,092	15,755
March	31,787	7,771	12,113	8,852	6,413	15,534
April	37,146	14,371	24,227	10,434	8,536	21,104
May	31,246	11,188	36,928	3,361	7,748	30,456
June	62,871	17,078	12,971	2,963	1,166	7,495
1945-46 Prel.						
July	71,493	27,380	14,453	2,546	2,458	3,846
August	55,177	12,381	11,609	920	533	871

a/ Average for 6-month period, July-December. b/ Not separately classified,
January 1938 to December 1939. c/ Average for 6-month period, Jan.-June.

Continued -

EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1944-45, and monthly, July 1943 to date - Continued

Year and month	Beef, canned	Pork, canned	Sausage, canned	Other canned meats	Lard, including neutral	Cotton, unmfd. (500-lb. bales)
Monthly average-	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 bales
1932-33	92	770	63	51	47,155	739
1933-34	147	989	99	43	45,951	715
1934-35	221	832	102	81	18,950	444
1935-36	147	646	90	111	7,465	559
1936-37	220	675	129	232	8,643	505
1937-38	187	635	98	148	15,842	521
1938-39	151	786	132	144	19,956	323
1939-40	101	758	138	203	21,400	575
1940-41	38	377	179	1,054	15,592	107
1941-42	893	12,906	20,557	3,672	55,339	104
1942-43	916	20,765	36,033	7,066	46,015	109
1943-44	224	14,833	22,678	36,765	69,932	113
1944-45 Prel....	97	9,367	19,209	17,382	71,326	145
1943-44 Prel.						
July	415	33,617	39,014	37,803	76,872	248
August	259	28,899	51,320	74,153	95,400	316
September	219	17,038	49,824	92,140	71,644	140
October	7	4,242	7,657	40,538	82,234	129
November	15	6,299	12,310	37,013	54,520	67
December	30	27,612	22,916	33,910	77,903	84
January	698	15,562	23,101	8,237	56,712	70
February	31	9,401	13,351	9,713	46,356	44
March	315	11,053	9,646	22,421	32,260	43
April	440	5,734	4,914	32,597	32,313	103
May	118	11,438	27,261	30,346	66,116	60
June	142	7,101	10,823	22,311	146,852	50
1944-45 Prel.						
July	591	12,881	28,387	29,406	111,934	109
August	216	11,670	23,506	13,761	103,013	45
September	41	18,911	46,283	19,240	88,385	46
October	13	9,980	30,239	6,924	60,650	188
November	23	4,669	22,627	9,122	54,902	212
December	10	3,048	15,757	12,743	58,937	91
January	16	8,438	9,685	18,196	46,093	88
February	21	8,413	13,028	23,643	76,735	124
March	90	12,157	18,222	24,560	100,917	209
April	69	9,004	13,048	26,773	76,735	112
May	29	11,891	7,076	18,811	41,656	199
June	43	1,342	2,644	5,403	35,953	311
1945-46 Prel.						
July	7	1,068	15,165	27,518	40,836	330
August	91	757	4,637	26,679	24,965	208

Continued -

EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1944-45, and monthly, July 1943 to date - Continued

Year and month	Apples, fresh	Pears, fresh	Oranges	Raisins and currants	Prunes, dried	Beans, dried
Monthly average -	1,000 bushels	1,000 pounds	1,000 boxes	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1932-33	1,146	9,999	283	9,376	15,196	699
1933-34	1,022	9,251	287	7,830	16,903	582
1934-35	672	8,386	341	7,824	12,726	431
1935-36	1,020	10,345	454	9,085	18,137	686
1936-37	562	10,943	257	9,361	13,663	294
1937-38	913	11,229	494	11,781	17,899	617
1938-39	1,006	14,248	632	12,770	17,836	2,170
1939-40	268	7,755	321	10,564	9,920	6,689
1940-41	72	1,964	348	7,194	3,170	6,111
1941-42	144	1,953	380	8,444	16,842	19,388
1942-43	36	841	406	12,253	8,387	22,243
1943-44	26	504	489	19,792	10,226	22,744
1944-45 Prel...	107	982	497	15,632	7,600	20,914
1943-44 Prel.						
July	37	956	454	7,417	8,285	9,333
August	26	2,778	331	7,411	9,660	20,309
September	11	855	245	18,794	8,643	14,264
October	25	358	182	13,047	5,187	30,440
November	18	230	374	20,502	11,148	24,799
December	44	484	983	21,190	11,390	54,657
January	26	87	323	18,043	3,637	44,079
February	27	106	545	21,870	13,215	24,107
March	29	91	583	15,775	8,504	15,418
April	35	57	537	27,092	9,642	15,525
May	31	6	722	38,869	17,670	12,839
June	7	36	590	27,497	15,732	7,157
1944-45 Prel.						
July	2	817	524	3,357	1,974	10,655
August	24	2,828	531	8,753	8,138	11,806
September	17	1,114	372	10,569	13,832	15,293
October	40	1,449	329	15,280	16,244	9,339
November	185	1,234	387	5,903	6,454	15,649
December	85	1,932	735	17,885	2,228	29,115
January	322	965	453	14,286	3,247	27,373
February	353	735	536	34,539	8,930	39,832
March	121	404	507	28,098	6,042	35,776
April	74	196	490	26,725	13,239	31,507
May	52	90	542	13,053	5,042	19,978
June	11	17	557	9,133	5,824	4,644
1945-46 Prel.						
July	2	1,726	570	8,750	5,583	2,254
August	19	7,452	438	8,504	3,235	2,033

Continued -

EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1944-45, and monthly, July 1943 to date - Continued

Year and month	Baked beans and pork and beans	Tomatoes, canned	Rice, milled including brown	Wheat, grain	Tobacco, leaf Bright flue-cured	Dark-fired Ky. and Tennessee
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 bushels	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Monthly average -						
1932-33	316	337	10,718	1,741	22,472	5,304
1933-34	352	157	7,935	1,567	27,528	6,321
1934-35	375	163	9,925	252	20,373	5,297
1935-36	434	152	6,759	26	26,899	4,578
1936-37	508	212	4,024	264	25,220	4,274
1937-38	402	151	24,648	6,978	30,160	3,782
1938-39	479	163	27,095	7,049	30,208	3,970
1939-40	3,042	987	24,873	1,970	21,017	2,919
1940-41	404	1,814	31,559	901	11,293	965
1941-42	7,384	8,949	37,043	1,053	21,147	629
1942-43	1,234	689	31,367	546	20,986	894
1943-44	2,523	2,240	38,574	995	25,790	848
1944-45 Prel.....	3,978	2,889	39,765	1,584	32,976	2,408
1943-44 Prel.						
July	1,012	3,892	52,583	1,072	33,010	761
August	3,094	2,173	25,734	584	31,564	513
September	4,586	886	60,069	1,098	41,636	1,045
October	3,295	1,975	42,850	1,270	67,515	2,200
November	3,362	3,345	37,538	876	38,151	170
December	1,916	1,782	48,179	2,613	15,492	258
January	1,771	3,154	32,954	757	5,577	290
February	1,229	1,738	41,461	651	9,404	532
March	821	701	39,106	758	9,511	513
April	1,748	480	35,601	933	19,118	2,634
May	6,188	2,817	19,513	658	20,817	981
June	1,252	3,934	27,302	671	17,687	284
1944-45 Prel.						
July	2,517	1,049	43,173	1,193	26,439	878
August	182	1,755	31,419	1,904	16,382	334
September	1,464	4,314	26,224	536	36,246	315
October	1,242	2,868	47,527	266	32,938	571
November	1,398	1,720	51,871	1,131	34,665	190
December	3,080	2,593	57,794	571	22,567	460
January	8,020	2,223	49,197	1,010	43,496	502
February	9,071	3,838	46,854	2,360	20,570	1,855
March	7,820	3,558	27,277	1,368	35,210	4,321
April	616	4,664	15,253	2,023	45,625	3,977
May	3,293	3,587	47,676	1,922	60,617	6,447
June	9,031	2,501	32,916	4,726	20,957	9,042
1945-46 Prel.						
July	6,413	1,189	25,035	7,450	31,858	8,390
August	402	2,298	10,914	11,114	23,784	8,083

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945

Commodity exported	Unit	July-August		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS:				1,000	1,000
Animals, live:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Cattle	No.	1	3	134	501
Hogs	No.	10	1	381	51
Horses	No.	b/	3	57	410
Mules, asses, and burros	No.	b/	1	6	73
Dairy products:					
Butter	Lb.	23,130	10,146	13,981	5,114
Casein	Lb.	141	6	23	2
Cheese	Lb.	48,301	39,761	14,656	12,449
Milk -					
Fresh and sterilized	Gal.	15	55	10	65
Condensed (sweetened)	Lb.	4,410	14,883	738	2,550
Dried	Lb.	38,909	50,449	7,865	12,506
Evaporated (unsweetened) ...	Lb.	73,008	126,670	8,543	16,314
Infants' foods, malted, etc...	Lb.	733	1,910	380	852
Eggs and egg products:					
Eggs in the shell	Doz.	494	1,101	190	529
Egg albumen, dried, frozen, etc.	Lb.	133	50	250	92
Other egg products -					
Dried	Lb.	32,843	25,984	39,235	33,299
Frozen	Lb.	3	29	1	8
Otherwise prepared	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Hides and skins	Lb.	543	160	97	26
Meats and meat products:					
Beef and veal -					
Fresh or frozen	Lb.	2,493	683	633	194
Pickled or cured	Lb.	1,342	749	243	120
Canned beef, including corned	Lb.	808	98	264	33
Total beef and veal	Lb.	4,643	1,530	1,140	347
Horse meat	Lb.	b/	371	b/	48
Mutton and lamb	Lb.	168	289	46	69
Pork -					
Fresh or frozen	Lb.	45,437	1,832	12,800	454
Bacon	Lb.	24,060	2,858	6,043	555
Hams and shoulders	Lb.	11,266	3,466	3,202	979
Sides, Cumberland & Wiltshire	Lb.	0	133	0	29
Pickled or salted	Lb.	39,372	4,716	5,210	700
Canned	Lb.	24,552	1,824	18,563	715
Total pork	Lb.	144,687	14,829	45,818	3,432
Poultry and game, fresh	Lb.	49	96	21	45
Sausage, canned	Lb.	51,893	19,802	16,204	6,719
Sausage, not canned	Lb.	372	98	146	30

Continued -

**DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued**

Commodity exported	Unit	July-August		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS-Con:				1,000	1,000
Meats and meat products, Con:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Other meats, fresh, frozen, etc.	Lb.	4,620	112	1,391	27
Other meats, canned -					
Chicken, canned	Lb.	42	361	23	428
Tushonka, canned <u>c/</u>	Lb.	<u>c/</u>	53,406	<u>c/</u>	23,060
Other (incl. mutton and lamb)	Lb.	43,124	430	17,647	214
Total meats	Lb.	249,503	91,324	82,436	34,419
Meat extracts & bouillon cubes	Lb.	59	41	66	45
Sausage casings	Lb.	1,975	1,390	1,877	883
Gelatin	Lb.	229	201	154	106
Oils and fats, animal:					
Lard, including neutral	Lb.	214,947	65,800	36,799	10,606
Oleomargarine	Lb.	11,094	18,252	2,085	3,245
Oleo oil	Lb.	348	177	49	28
Oleo stock	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Stearins and fatty acids	Lb.	1,110	839	172	127
Tallow	Lb.	7,683	835	693	96
Other animal oils and fats ...	Lb.	414	677	81	129
Total oils and fats	Lb.	235,596	86,530	39,379	14,231
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS:					
Cotton and linters, unmd.:					
Cotton	(500 lb.) Bale	123	530	13,595	58,579
Linters	(500 lb.) Bale	31	8	1,098	210
Fruits and fruit juices:					
Fresh -					
Apples in baskets	Bskt.	1	1	3	4
Apples in boxes	Box	26	21	76	86
Apples in barrels	Bbl.	0	<u>b/</u>	0	<u>b/</u>
Berries	Lb.	1	8	<u>b/</u>	3
Grapefruit	Box	124	152	442	553
Lemons and limes	Box	112	126	629	659
Oranges and tangerines	Box	1,055	1,009	4,663	4,434
Grapes	Lb.	5,173	4,413	682	420
Pears	Lb.	3,645	9,178	316	848
Dried -					
Apples	Lb.	946	1,541	342	693
Apricots	Lb.	665	1,687	263	591
Peaches	Lb.	523	1,497	154	461
Prunes	Lb.	10,112	8,817	1,243	1,282
Raisins and currants	Lb.	12,109	17,254	1,564	2,367
Canned -					
Apples and apple sauce	Lb.	71	145	8	18
Apricots	Lb.	647	3,835	86	557
Fruits for salad	Lb.	623	400	95	59

Continued -

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-August		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Fruits and fruit juices, Con.:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Canned, continued -					
Grapefruit	Lb.	0	8	0	1
Peaches	Lb.	6,123	8,491	712	1,008
Pears	Lb.	317	2,601	49	385
Pineapples	Lb.	285	1,204	34	134
Fruit juices -					
Grapefruit	Gal.	1,106	54	823	49
Orange	Gal.	515	486	2,226	1,833
Pineapple	Gal.	4	25	4	20
Other fruit juices	Gal.	320	127	946	177
Nuts:					
Peanuts -	Lb.	1,923	---	286	---
Shelled	Lb.	d/	1,913	d/	346
Not shelled	Lb.	d/	349	d/	58
Pecans -					
Shelled	Lb.	88	50	72	42
Not shelled	Lb.	6	80	2	24
Walnuts -					
Shelled	Lb.	1	14	1	13
Not shelled	Lb.	128	62	37	20
Grains and grain products:					
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	2	309	3	516
Biscuits and crackers	Lb.	1,227	8,537	361	1,558
Buckwheat, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.)	0	10	0	14
Corn and corn meal -					
Corn, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	556	1,630	842	2,446
Corn meal (196 lb.)	Bbl.	6	18	48	105
Corn, including corn meal					
in terms of grain	Bu.	579	1,702	890	2,551
Corn cereal foods, ready to eat	Lb.	366	965	42	115
Hominy and corn grits	Lb.	4,318	2,646	180	119
Malt (34 lb.)	Bu.	774	752	1,623	1,641
Oats and oatmeal -					
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	18	86	20	118
Oatmeal	Lb.	7,700	6,815	737	553
Oats, including oatmeal in					
terms of grain	Bu.	602	603	757	671
Rice -					
Paddy or rough	Lb.	110	234	9	9
Milled, brown, screenings, etc.	Lb.	74,591	35,949	5,374	2,506
Flour, meal, and polish	Lb.	309	35	18	3
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	b/	1,339	b/	2,269

Continued -

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-August ^{a/}			
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Grains and grain products, Con:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Wheat and wheat flour -					
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	3,097	18,564	5,540	33,200
Wheat flour - (196 lb.)					
Wholly of U. S. wheat	Bbl.	747	1,616	5,650	10,541
Other wheat flour	Bbl.	393	350	2,683	2,568
Total wheat flour.....	Bbl.	1,140	1,956	8,333	13,109
Wheat, including flour in terms of grain ..	Bu.	8,455	27,804	13,873	46,309
Feeds: (2,240 lb.)					
Hay	Ton	1	3	19	78
Oil cake and oil-cake meal -					
Cottonseed cake and meal ...	Ton	0	b/	0	b/
Linseed cake and meal	Ton	b/	b/	16	b/
Soybean oil-cake meal	Ton	2	1	111	31
Other oil cake and meal	Ton	b/	b/	5	21
Total oil cake and meal ..	Ton	2	1	132	52
Oils, vegetable:					
Expressed oils and fats -					
Castor oil, commercial	Lb.	452	42	63	10
Cocoa butter	Lb.	314	494	80	129
Coconut oil -					
Crude	Lb.	0	28	0	7
Refined	Lb.	38	0	8	0
Cooking fats other than lard	Lb.	1,234	767	212	146
Corn oil -					
Crude	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Refined	Lb.	20	32	4	8
Cottonseed oil -					
Crude	Lb.	448	b/	57	b/
Refined	Lb.	943	1,018	138	136
Linseed oil	Lb.	104,507	1,062	15,667	192
Soybean oil -					
Crude	Lb.	8,240	393	1,113	46
Refined	Lb.	16,531	6,719	2,500	1,078
Sunflower seed oil -					
Crude	Lb.	d/	0	d/	0
Refined	Lb.	d/	8,133	d/	983
Tung oil	Lb.	10	45	4	18
Vegetable soap stock (incl. ined. olive oil and other)	Lb.	113	499	12	46

Continued -

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-August		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Oils, vegetable - Continued:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Essential or distilled oils -					
Citrus oils	Lb.	46	30	97	91
Peppermint oil	Lb.	49	33	375	265
Spearmint and other mint oils:	Lb.	10	2	36	9
Other natural essential, etc.	Lb.	85	130	228	345
Blended, compounded or mixed					
perfume-flavor oils	Lb.	114	151	984	1,038
Oilseeds:					
Soybeans	Lb.	10,606	94,934	388	5,088
Other oilseeds	Lb.	299	34	27	5
Seeds, field and garden:					
Alfalfa	Lb.	9	42	4	12
Kentucky blue grass	Lb.	124	26	36	8
Red top	Lb.	58	10	11	2
Red clover	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Other clover	Lb.	2	4	1	3
Timothy	Lb.	250	1,160	18	92
Other field and grass seeds ..	Lb.	202	6,640	42	605
Flower seeds	Lb.	6	12	24	43
Carrot seed	Lb.	149	22	172	29
Other vegetable seeds	Lb.	620	338	563	290
Total seeds, field and garden	Lb.	1,420	8,254	871	1,034
Sugar(2,000 lb.)	Ton	29	33	3,251	4,532
Tobacco, leaf:					
Bright flue-cured	Lb.	42,821	55,642	23,322	31,033
Burley	Lb.	2,502	3,531	1,081	1,598
Dark-fired Ky. and Tennessee..	Lb.	1,212	16,473	364	3,457
Dark Virginia	Lb.	577	2,030	205	818
Maryland and Ohio export	Lb.	176	772	91	366
Green River	Lb.	36	280	44	93
One sucker leaf	Lb.	92	679	45	219
Black fat, waterbaler & dk. Af.	Lb.	464	727	192	324
Cigar leaf	Lb.	1,514	458	615	529
Perique and other leaf	Lb.	10	26	5	16
Total leaf tobacco	Lb.	49,454	80,618	25,964	38,453
Tobacco, stems, trimmings, etc..	Lb.	17	1,008	3	58
Vegetables and preparations:					
Beans, green (including snap).	Lb.	34	60	3	10
Beans, dried -					
Seed	Lb.	38	64	7	11
Other	Lb.	22,423	4,223	1,570	297

Continued -

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-August		a/	
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Vegetables & preparations-Con.:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Cabbage	Lb.	d/	1,853	d/	61
Carrots	Lb.	d/	2,350	d/	106
Celery	Lb.	d/	585	d/	55
Lettuce	Lb.	d/	577	d/	42
Onions	Lb.	6,726	7,465	350	458
Peas, green	Lb.	49	35	5	6
Peas, dried -					
Seed	Lb.	3,443	14	323	2
Other	Lb.	16,948	99,591	1,109	7,745
Peppers	Lb.	65	137	7	16
Potatoes, white	Lb.	14,396	63,939	510	2,107
Spinach	Lb.	d/	10	d/	1
Sweet potatoes	Lb.	d/	859	d/	49
Tomatoes, fresh	Lb.	3,310	9,987	274	1,106
Other fresh vegetables		e/	1,918	138	335
Vegetables, canned -					
Baked beans & pork and beans	Lb.	2,698	6,815	216	618
Beans, string or stringless	Lb.	d/	3,494	d/	322
Tomatoes	Lb.	2,804	3,487	231	325
Tomato paste and puree	Lb.	1,077	4,371	150	588
Other canned veg. and juices	Lb.	32,565	37,312	3,333	3,863
Soups, dehydrated	Lb.	d/	2,037	d/	808
Soybean flour, edible	Lb.	7,133	8,940	401	504
Vegetables, dehydrated	Lb.	12,671	10,672	5,634	6,723
Miscellaneous vegetable products:					
Cornstarch and corn flour	Lb.	17,103	22,055	1,006	1,564
Drugs, herbs, roots, etc., crude:	Lb.	518	798	205	420
Glucose -					
Liquid (corn sirup)	Lb.	1,243	1,618	62	83
Dry (grape sugar)	Lb.	1,469	285	97	18
Hops	Lb.	265	427	241	408
Total principal agri. products..				332,645	351,338
Other agricultural products				9,082	21,168
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS				341,727	372,506
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES..				2,372,622	1,571,843

a/ Corrected to October 19, 1945. b/ Less than 500.

c/ Not separately classified prior to 1945. Included in "other canned meat."

d/ Not separately classified prior to 1945. e/ Reported in value only.

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: Specified agricultural products,

January-August 1944 and 1945 a/

Commodity exported	Unit	January-August		August	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
Pork, cured:		Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Bacon and sides	Lb.	111,738	39,419	18,398	533
Hams and shoulders	Lb.	75,886	56,174	8,539	920
Total pork, cured	Lb.	187,624	95,593	26,937	1,453
Lard, including neutral	Lb.	595,557	443,888	103,013	24,965
Milk:					
Condensed, sweetened	Lb.	19,637	92,440	2,321	4,414
Evaporated, unsweetened	Lb.	301,865	353,595	37,824	55,177
Grains and preparations:					
Barley, grain (45 lb.)	Bu.	156	932	b/	222
Corn, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	8,134	14,274	134	867
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	173	200	10	79
Rice -					
Paddy or rough	Lb.	20,018	22,129	0	0
Milled, including brown, etc...	Lb.	270,530	255,122	31,419	10,914
Flour, meal and polish	Lb.	1,128	210	9	30
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	47	3,086	b/	415
Wheat -					
Grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	7,525	31,973	1,904	11,114
Flour, wholly of United States wheat (196 lb.)	Bbl.	4,569	5,453	325	794
Fruits:					
Fresh-					
Apples c/	Bu.	183	955	24	19
Pears	Lb.	4,028	11,585	2,828	7,452
Oranges and tangerines	Box	4,355	4,093	531	438
Grapefruit	Box	874	1,004	51	80
Grapes	Lb.	8,847	6,562	4,366	3,982
Dried -					
Apples	Lb.	7,414	4,422	651	698
Apricots	Lb.	2,507	11,507	54	756
Prunes	Lb.	78,512	51,141	8,138	3,235
Raisins	Lb.	161,256	143,089	8,753	8,504
Canned pears	Lb.	9,021	13,800	154	751
Soybeans	Lb.	23,528	255,198	62	23,124
Tobacco, leaf:					
Bright flue-cured	Lb.	124,935	282,116	16,382	23,784
Dark-fired Kentucky and Tennessee	Lb.	6,446	42,617	334	8,083
Other leaf tobacco	Lb.	15,353	19,295	1,875	8,330
Total leaf tobacco	Lb.	146,734	344,028	18,591	36,197
Cotton, excluding linters (500 lb.)	Bale	470	1,554	29	200

a/ Corrected to October 19, 1945. b/ Less than 500.

c/ Barrels, baskets, and boxes in terms of bushels.

IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1944-45, and monthly July 1943 to date

Year and month	: Cattle, : : dutiable : :	: Beef, : : canned : : including : : corned :	: Cheese : :	: Casein : : or : : lactarene :	: Hides : : and : : skins, : : raw :	: Wool. : : excluding : : free for : : carpets :
	: 1,000 : : head :	: 1,000 : : pounds :	: 1,000 : : pounds :	: 1,000 : : pounds :	: 1,000 : : pounds :	: 1,000 : : pounds :
<u>Monthly average</u>	<u>head</u>	<u>pounds</u>	<u>pounds</u>	<u>pounds</u>	<u>pounds</u>	<u>pounds</u>
1932-33	8	2,599	4,660	90	17,629	1,019
1933-34	5	3,295	3,909	676	27,534	4,699
1934-35	20	5,791	4,037	149	17,651	2,289
1935-36	35	7,349	4,115	950	27,262	8,434
1936-37	36	6,677	5,474	951	27,264	15,113
1937-38	36	7,025	4,624	80	15,704	3,546
1938-39	56	6,721	4,556	47	23,373	5,497
1939-40	53	6,912	4,602	2,279	26,476	13,472
1940-41	57	5,206	1,359	3,034	39,506	39,400
1941-42	61	10,318	1,314	2,657	44,464	46,766
1942-43	66	6,352	2,559	435	38,434	107,610
1943-44	25	5,674	1,603	3,361	25,228	53,642
1944-45 Prel.	34	9,010	335	4,653	19,856	45,786
1943-44 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	11	15,586	897	50	28,074	55,308
August	10	18,320	1,730	0	20,087	71,311
September	13	11,335	1,692	1,340	22,774	70,647
October	9	11,410	984	19,054	32,573	72,231
November	15	5,540	4,536	1,796	20,243	52,069
December	11	a/	1,925	3,715	15,588	45,147
January	11	41	3,368	4,869	29,565	74,355
February	36	76	1,600	2,983	35,470	62,919
March	61	a/	735	6,192	28,151	57,755
April	65	220	910	3,718	17,718	51,309
May	44	202	683	2,132	30,449	44,415
June	12	5,355	172	481	22,049	46,232
1944-45 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	5	32,013	248	7,068	28,976	34,883
August	4	0	211	5,012	23,798	36,611
September	3	4,491	183	3,907	19,497	42,287
October	13	14,426	475	4,446	22,303	41,314
November	30	19,269	194	4,682	18,393	37,668
December	57	11,128	266	1,734	22,582	34,895
January	38	7,485	735	5,636	19,586	74,350
February	66	3,547	144	2,533	15,558	48,251
March	67	1,965	728	1,632	11,620	51,671
April	50	5,045	143	6,009	25,923	45,686
May	57	4,507	606	8,486	17,151	52,620
June	19	4,245	89	4,695	12,582	48,691
1945-46 Prel.	:	:	:	:	:	:
July	9	1,372	363	7,966	17,084	33,025
August	10	33	542	1,668	15,236	63,592
a/ Less than 500.						

Continued --

IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33 to 1944-45, and monthly, July 1943 to date - Continued

Year and month	Cotton : (478-lb.)	Jute and : jute	Sisal : and	Flax	Manila : or	Hemp
	1,000 bales	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons	2240-lb. tons
Monthly average-						
1932-33	11	3,117	13,830	257	2,098	26
1933-34	13	4,958	9,659	474	3,568	79
1934-35	10	4,111	6,178	305	3,315	50
1935-36	14	7,266	12,617	496	4,039	68
1936-37	27	8,103	9,945	574	3,350	80
1937-38	15	6,491	10,255	192	2,556	41
1938-39	18	3,142	8,697	290	2,720	48
1939-40	20	3,827	11,995	479	4,645	51
1940-41	37	4,642	10,930	202	5,867	56
1941-42	43	6,667	13,513	534	6,555	128
1942-43	22	9,116	14,731	499	102	128
1943-44	18	4,505	15,554	244	120	4
1944-45 Prel.....	28	2,472	14,374	256	695	10
1943-44 Prel.						
July	8	903	17,891	363	250	1
August	7	1,011	14,466	420	0	0
September	31	594	17,883	199	166	0
October	19	48	11,834	350	129	0
November	21	2,751	24,769	80	164	0
December	52	2,777	14,785	110	57	0
January	21	7,304	15,766	52	0	23
February	26	7,178	11,109	211	182	19
March	12	9,771	20,467	109	55	a/
April	12	10,100	11,749	128	0	0
May	7	8,326	14,496	182	166	0
June	4	3,298	11,433	727	276	2
1944-45 Prel.						
July	9	2,423	13,292	876	271	0
August	4	2,714	20,045	398	438	50
September	48	2,439	7,521	165	54	20
October	13	843	21,776	134	679	16
November	6	5,259	15,906	108	1,285	0
December	8	4,190	16,528	58	745	16
January	16	1,589	9,190	247	561	0
February	12	2,977	17,852	118	716	7
March	55	2,563	11,338	95	687	5
April	47	2,371	14,613	234	1,232	0
May	104	796	16,588	548	1,066	0
June	15	1,504	7,840	96	610	a/
1945-56 Prel.						
July	65	2,954	9,384	54	982	0
August	27	2,652	14,017	153	462	0

a/ Less than 1/2 ton.

Continued -

IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average, 1932-33
to 1944-45, and monthly, July 1943 to date - Continued

Year and month	Flax- seed	Castor beans	Oils			
			Coconut	Tung	Oiticica	Palm
	1,000 bushels	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Monthly average-						
1932-33	518	5,837	21,725	6,988	a/	21,136
1933-34	1,492	9,486	29,425	12,176	a/	20,705
1934-35	1,278	6,629	25,063	9,364	a/	16,118
1935-36	1,282	11,890	29,141	12,491	a/	27,227
1936-37	2,175	11,563	26,549	12,292	343	29,562
1937-38	1,488	11,860	28,731	10,799	273	31,102
1938-39	1,562	11,259	31,638	8,038	1,080	22,687
1939-40	1,101	16,371	26,630	8,298	1,467	20,515
1940-41	933	25,649	30,994	4,375	1,860	21,247
1941-42	1,936	32,545	21,548	3,025	1,938	20,102
1942-43	527	18,214	3,643	6	26	3,725
1943-44	1,412	28,466	3,556	145	153	5,181
1944-45 Prel.....	424	28,554	3,877	2	1,572	7,570
1943-44 Prel.						
July	1,226	36,367	2,708	0	55	5,530
August	928	20,161	9,838	0	737	5,352
September	1,737	30,571	0	0	0	2,726
October	1,878	34,155	0	0	477	7,478
November	2,066	21,564	34	0	67	2,541
December	720	37,033	162	0	0	5,494
January	842	17,531	0	3	71	4,740
February	796	28,465	7,371	0	221	2,552
March	1,419	49,508	17,508	0	142	8,767
April	2,190	26,222	2,611	1,516	0	7,297
May	2,369	19,066	2,277	0	67	4,184
June	769	20,950	159	223	0	5,513
1944-45 Prel.						
July	105	43,033	0	0	1,674	2,551
August	583	26,697	7,421	29	2,828	4,255
September	497	31,862	9,479	0	1,217	10,126
October	382	25,192	2,279	0	311	9,864
November	586	21,725	0	0	1,813	2,748
December	377	23,477	2,645	0	2,497	8,864
January	46	38,530	0	0	2,551	8,867
February	543	26,253	9,402	0	376	13,315
March	803	15,896	2,598	0	0	8,418
April	646	43,033	0	0	3,162	4,180
May	248	30,199	7,935	0	2,326	3,833
June	281	16,746	4,761	0	111	13,816
1945-46 Prel.						
July	23	28,310	217	0	3,777	0
August	207	18,115	5,745	207	2,770	1,408

a/ Not separately classified prior to 1936.

Continued -

IMPORTS: Specified agricultural products, monthly average 1932-33
to 1944-45, and monthly July 1943 to date - Continued

Year and month	Sugar (2,000- pound)	Molasses		Tobacco, unmfd.	Cocoa or cacao beans	Coffee
	Edible	Not for human con- sumption				
Monthly average-	1,000 tons	1,000 gallons	1,000 gallons	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1932-33	246	900	11,221	4,962	39,702	121,513
1933-34	235	1,518	16,280	4,649	38,819	133,176
1934-35	281	728	20,192	4,856	44,923	129,336
1935-36	270	1,172	16,265	5,658	47,580	154,428
1936-37	247	1,610	25,942	5,776	56,912	146,734
1937-38	234	866	18,109	5,668	37,187	144,511
1938-39	214	669	14,800	6,340	53,666	163,771
1939-40	279	1,194	20,004	6,728	46,433	170,314
1940-41	293	977	27,613	6,487	74,261	211,218
1941-42	228	1,007	27,166	5,914	30,844	146,710
1942-43	188	52	11,998	6,784	34,777	150,084
1943-44	318	684	23,840	5,937	48,793	214,053
1944-45 Prel. :	351	293	17,116	6,412	61,850	207,937
1943-44 Prel. :						
July	445	51	7,993	4,735	39,638	221,472
August	282	92	10,708	4,522	66,021	227,670
September	271	94	15,441	4,822	81,911	233,734
October	378	129	19,682	4,963	32,476	183,560
November	263	463	21,450	5,383	20,370	133,607
December	267	522	16,824	4,479	41,579	106,886
January	215	392	16,742	20,756	33,382	209,311
February	233	461	28,328	4,159	49,213	160,031
March	277	1,221	35,412	3,968	62,523	341,010
April	420	4,250	34,203	4,248	83,754	166,838
May	431	25	38,014	4,513	32,883	343,311
June	339	504	41,279	4,693	41,765	241,207
1944-45 Prel. :						
July	351	146	23,796	4,800	16,061	206,726
August	259	107	17,583	4,959	52,352	118,039
September	267	138	15,753	5,252	89,775	124,547
October	386	404	14,831	5,325	19,195	292,824
November	331	1,255	17,743	5,497	85,415	206,034
December	355	281	14,789	4,511	115,990	197,805
January	432	231	18,087	22,956	48,761	264,048
February	377	183	20,323	4,313	78,225	215,768
March	509	304	13,052	4,473	54,030	251,985
April	454	175	16,968	4,706	57,632	209,426
May	266	104	19,390	5,049	51,793	205,101
June	224	189	13,075	5,101	72,965	202,938
1945-46 Prel. :						
July	175	19	4,263	4,312	50,826	238,142
August	233	259	11,702	5,249	41,323	334,691

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	July-August ^{a/}			
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS:				1,000	1,000
Animals, live:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Cattle, dutiable (by weight)-					
Less than 200 pounds, each..	No.	1	2	11	25
200 pounds to 700 pounds, each:	No.	2	7	76	275
700 pounds or more, each-					
Cows for dairy purposes ..	No.	6	9	806	1,184
Other cattle	No.	b/	1	12	63
Total cattle, dutiable..	No.	9	19	905	1,547
Cattle, free (for breeding)...	No.	2	4	484	760
Hogs (except for breeding) ...	Lb.	b/	2	b/	1
Horses	No.	1	1	87	76
Dairy products:					
Butter	Lb.	b/	2	b/	1
Casein or lactarene	Lb.	12,080	9,633	1,162	994
Cheese -					
Swiss	Lb.	0	29	0	7
Cheddar	Lb.	448	b/	5	b/
Other cheese	Lb.	448	1,377	100	315
Total cheese	Lb.	458	1,406	105	322
Cream	Gal.	b/	0	b/	0
Milk -					
Condensed and evaporated ...	Lb.	0	506	0	43
Dried and malted	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Whole, skimmed and buttermilk:	Gal.	0	0	0	0
Eggs and egg products:					
Eggs, in the shell	Doz.	38	255	16	154
Eggs, whole, dried	Lb.	b/	1	b/	b/
Egg yolks, dried	Lb.	0	55	b/	35
Egg albumen, dried	Lb.	17	38	19	43
Eggs, whole, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Egg yolks, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Egg albumen, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Hides and skins, agricultural c/	Lb.	52,773	33,220	11,094	7,838
Meats and meat products:					
Beef and veal -					
Fresh or frozen	Lb.	526	161	71	29
Pickled or cured	Lb.	1,060	2,110	198	400
Canned, including corned ...	Lb.	32,013	1,905	5,678	371
Mutton and lamb, fresh or frozen:	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Pork -					
Fresh and frozen	Lb.	b/	1	b/	b/
Hams, shoulders, and bacon..	Lb.	20	14	9	10
Other pickled or salted	Lb.	11	49	11	35

Continued -

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products.

July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	July-August a/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS-Con:				1,000	1,000
Meats and meat products, Con:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Poultry and game	Lb.	2,757	3,364	801	927
Other meats -					
Fresh or frozen	Lb.	44	84	19	49
Canned, prepared or preserved	Lb.	194	45	29	11
Total meats	Lb.	36,625	7,733	6,816	1,832
Sausage casings	Lb.	2,590	2,383	1,212	1,486
Tallow	Lb.	13,630	993	1,068	55
Wool, unmanufactured, excluding					
free in bond for carpets, etc..	Lb.	71,494	96,677	21,010	36,497
Miscellaneous animal products:					
Animal hair, unmanufactured ...	Lb.	2,073	2,410	1,858	2,280
Bones, hoofs, horns, etc.,					
unmanufactured ... (2,240 lb.):	Ton	6	11	263	433
Bristles, sorted, bunched or prep.:	Lb.	361	297	991	1,147
Feathers, crude	Lb.	88	106	147	143
Glue stock, ossein, hide					
cuttings, etc.	Lb.	4,583	6,455	186	303
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS:					
Fibers, unmanufactured:					
Cotton and linters - (478 lb.):					
Cotton	Bale	5	25	773	2,808
Linters	Bale	8	68	126	775
Other supp. fibers- (2,240 lb):					
Flax	Ton	1	b/	951	57
Hemp	Ton	b/	0	23	0
Jute and jute butts	Ton	5	6	790	945
Fruits:					
Apples, green or ripe	Bu.	2	3	5	7
Berries, natural or in brine ..	Lb.	3,480	10,096	704	2,333
Currants	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Dates	Lb.	0	995	0	77
Figs	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Grapes	Cu.ft:	2	b/	7	2
Limes	Lb.	1,679	1,349	60	62
Olives, in brine	Gal.	763	1,326	842	3,012
Pears, green, ripe, or in brine	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0
Pineapples -					
Fresh, in crates	Crates:	34	28	77	64
Fresh, in bulk	No.	1,112	3,155	180	368
Prepared or preserved	Lb.	5,583	8,009	637	966
Raisins	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0

Continued -

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,

July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	July-August a/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Grains and grain products:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	4,172	3,087	5,877	2,306
Barley malt	Lb.	1,202	1,686	49	69
Corn and corn meal -					
Corn, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	941	6	559	10
Corn meal	Lb.	0	908	0	23
Corn, including corn meal in:					
terms of grain	Bu.	941	25	559	33
Oats and oatmeal -					
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	7,464	11,515	5,472	7,131
Oatmeal	Lb.	64	39	3	2
Oats, including oatmeal in:					
terms of grain	Bu.	7,469	11,518	5,475	7,133
Rice -					
Uncleaned and paddy	Lb.	0	1	0	b/
Cleaned or milled	Lb.	0	2,179	0	111
Patna	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Broken	Lb.	331	0	17	0
Flour, meal, polish, and bran	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	387	788	391	1,168
Wheat and wheat flour -					
Wheat, grain - (60 lb.):					
For domestic use -					
Unfit for human consumption:	Bu.	3,549	104	4,333	129
Other wheat grain	Bu.	13,811	1,098	17,078	1,639
For milling in bond & export:-					
To Cuba	Bu.	21	0	29	0
To other countries	Bu.	1,439	1,649	1,779	2,163
Total wheat, grain	Bu.	18,820	2,851	23,219	3,931
Wheat flour - (196 lb.):					
For domestic use	Bbl.	3	8	19	58
For mfr. in bond & export..	Bbl.	0	0	0	0
Total wheat flour	Bbl.	3	8	19	58
Wheat, including flour					
in terms of grain	Bu.	18,835	2,888	23,238	3,989
Feeds and fodders:					
Beet pulp, dried ... (2,240 lb.):	Ton	0	0	0	0
Bran, shorts, etc.- (2,000 lb.):					
Of direct importation	Ton	7	8	253	313
Withdrawn bonded mills	Ton	2	15	54	324
Total bran, shorts, etc. ..	Ton	9	23	307	647
Hay (2,000 lb.)	Ton	11	14	165	244

Continued -

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,

July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	July-August a/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Feeds and fodders, Continued:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Oil cake and oil-cake meal -					
Coconut or copra	Lb.	0	266	0	4
Cottonseed	Lb.	19,954	16,451	282	240
Linseed	Lb.	3,741	2,858	44	48
Soybean	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Other oil cake and meal	Lb.	5,296	5,788	141	110
Total oil cake and meal ...	Lb.	28,991	25,363	467	402
Hops	Lb.	9	0	7	0
Nuts and preparations		a/	a/	3,862	5,945
Oils, vegetable, expressed:					
Carnauba wax	Lb.	5,480	4,443	3,560	2,923
Coconut oil	Lb.	7,421	5,962	435	365
Corn oil	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	0	18,419	0	1,897
Linseed oil	Lb.	18,226	23,554	2,076	2,358
Oiticica oil	Lb.	4,502	6,547	772	1,255
Olive oil -					
Edible	Lb.	15	1,132	4	720
Inedible	Lb.	8	11	2	1
Palm-kernel oil	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Palm oil	Lb.	6,806	1,498	363	60
Peanut oil	Lb.	b/	0	b/	0
Perilla oil	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Rapeseed oil	Gal.	0	1,197	0	1,057
Soybean oil	Lb.	103	0	4	0
Sunflower oil	Lb.	19,657	2,327	1,577	183
Tung oil	Lb.	29	207	10	63
Oilseeds:					
Babassu nuts and kernels	Lb.	5,226	11,952	283	642
Castor beans	Lb.	69,729	46,424	2,288	1,573
Copra	Lb.	21,144	29,868	607	882
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.	687	229	2,072	564
Palm nuts and kernels	Lb.	8,883	16,841	305	472
Poppyseed	Lb.	b/	b/	b/	b/
Rapeseed	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Sesame seed	Lb.	1,897	30	107	5
Soybeans	Lb.	b/	121	b/	27
Seeds, except oil seeds		a/	a/	483	611
Spices (supplementary)	Lb.	995	1,457	179	358

Continued -

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,

July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	July-August a/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS-Continued:				1,000	1,000
Sugar and molasses:		Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Sugar, excluding beet (2,000 lb.):	Ton	611	459	33,465	30,039
Molasses -					
Unfit for human consumption .	Gal.	41,379	15,965	7,959	2,473
Other molasses and sugar sirup:	Gal.	253	278	99	81
Total molasses	Gal.	41,632	16,243	8,058	2,554
Tobacco, unmanufactured:					
Leaf for cigar wrappers	Lb.	292	226	559	508
Cigar leaf (filler) -					
Unstemmed	Lb.	248	238	389	362
Stemmed	Lb.	1,373	808	1,486	1,194
Cigarette leaf, unstemmed	Lb.	7,510	8,768	6,012	8,006
Total tobacco leaf, unmfed. .	Lb.	9,423	10,040	8,446	10,070
Scrap tobacco	Lb.	337	121	248	95
Stems, not cut, etc.	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Vegetables and preparations:					
Beans -					
Dried	Lb.	201	20,414	12	796
Green or unripe	Lb.	33	87	2	13
Cabbage	Lb.	392	2	6	b/
Chickpeas or garbanzos, dried..	Lb.	20	220	1	9
Cucumbers	Lb.	18	80	2	11
Eggplant	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Garlic	Lb.	1,198	585	171	97
Lentils and lupines	Lb.	1,179	105	64	7
Onions	Lb.	1	23	b/	b/
Peas, except cowpeas -					
Dried	Lb.	b/	96	b/	5
Green or unripe	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Peppers	Lb.	96	65	7	6
Potatoes, white	Lb.	31,605	314	840	9
Tapioca, crude, flour, and prep.	Lb.	4,749	6,449	265	384
Tomatoes, fresh	Lb.	808	1,459	59	95
Turnips and rutabagas	Lb.	2,929	1,021	45	25
Miscellaneous vegetable products:					
Argols, tartar, & wine lees, crude:	Lb.	1,040	3,128	123	484
Wines	Gal.	998	242	2,569	773
Total principal supplementary :					
agricultural products				162,582	151,001
Other supplementary agri. ...				8,324	10,983
Total supplementary					
agricultural products ...				170,906	161,984

Continued -

**IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Principal agricultural products,
July-August 1944 and 1945 - Continued**

Commodity imported <u>COMPLEMENTARY</u>	Unit	July-August ^{a/}			
		Quantity		Value	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
				1,000	1,000
ANIMAL PRODUCTS:		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Silk, raw	Lb.	0	26	0	309
Wool, unmanufactured, free in bond for carpets, etc.	Lb.	19,478	18,712	3,045	5,767
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS:					
Bananas	Bunch	6,773	7,700	4,745	5,358
Coffee (except into Puerto Rico) ..	Lb.	324,442	572,767	40,026	73,233
Cocoa or cacao beans	Lb.	68,412	92,150	5,092	7,068
Tea	Lb.	12,114	10,138	4,127	3,791
Drugs, herbs, roots, etc. (comp.) ..		d/	d/	1,763	3,743
Oils, essential and dist. (comp.) ..		d/	d/	1,254	2,361
Spices, (complementary)	Lb.	4,562	3,800	2,037	2,158
Fibers, unmanufactured: (2,240 lb):					
Crin vegetal	Ton	b/	b/	10	2
Istle and Tampico	Ton	3	1	454	170
Kapok	Ton	b/	b/	5	2
Manila or abaca	Ton	1	1	158	349
New Zealand fiber	Ton	0	0	0	0
Sisal and henequen	Ton	33	23	4,821	3,280
Other comp. vegetable fibers ..	Ton	2	3	314	168
Total comp. vegetable fibers	Ton	39	28	5,762	3,971
Rubber and allied gums:					
Rubber, crude -					
Guayule	Lb.	3,160	3,238	679	878
Milk of, or latex	Lb.	1,680	2,151	506	627
Other rubber, crude	Lb.	43,688	43,253	13,848	13,854
Total rubber, crude	Lb.	48,528	48,642	15,033	15,359
Allied gums -					
Gutta balata	Lb.	513	856	116	208
Jelutong or pontianak	Lb.	34	0	7	0
Gutta percha and other guttas	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Total allied gums	Lb.	547	856	123	208
Total principal complementary agricultural products				83,067	123,326
Other complementary agricultural ..				326	1,021
Total complementary				83,393	124,347
Total supplementary				170,906	161,984
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS				254,299	286,331
TOTAL IMPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES ..				588,268	699,358

^{a/} Corrected to October 19, 1945. ^{b/} Less than 500.

^{c/} Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins," reported in pieces only.

^{d/} Reported in value only.

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): Specified agricultural products.

January-August and August 1944 and 1945 a/

Commodity imported	Unit	January-August		August	
		1944	1945	1944	1945
		Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Animals, live:					
Cattle, dutiable (by weight)-					
Less than 200 pounds, each ...	No.	4	8	b/	1
200 pounds to 700 pounds, each	No.	198	263	1	4
700 pounds or more, each -					
Cows for dairy purposes	No.	23	30	3	4
Other cattle (dutiable)	No.	13	16	b/	1
Total cattle (dutiable)...	No.	233	317	4	10
Cattle, free (for breeding)	No.	11	15	1	2
Hogs, (except for breeding)	Lb.	2	6	b/	1
Butter	Lb.	1,711	11	b/	1
Cheese:					
Swiss	Lb.	987	59	0	0
Cheddar	Lb.	60	1	10	0
Other cheese	Lb.	6,879	3,790	201	542
Total cheese	Lb.	7,926	3,850	211	542
Eggs and egg products, dried	Lb.	18	146	17	20
Eggs and egg products, frozen, etc.	Lb.	0	47	0	0
Meats:					
Beef and veal, fresh or frozen..	Lb.	1,499	3,106	251	35
Beef, canned, including corned..	Lb.	37,907	28,599	0	33
Pork, fresh and frozen	Lb.	4	11	b/	b/
Hams, shoulders and bacon	Lb.	42	55	b/	10
Tallow	Lb.	56,285	33,293	9,088	4
Wool, unmanufactured c/	Lb.	408,479	418,455	36,611	63,592
Grains:					
Corn	(56 lb.) Bu.	1,024	515	941	3
Oats	(32 lb.) Bu.	54,832	46,291	6,083	4,111
Rye	(56 lb.) Bu.	7,237	1,638	377	423
Wheat d/	(60 lb.) Bu.	105,130	5,856	8,440	241
Barley malt	Lb.	4,046	4,583	491	989
Oilseeds:					
Copra	Lb.	119,409	180,889	14,042	20,728
Flaxseed	(56 lb.) Bu.	9,072	2,795	583	207
Oils, vegetable:					
Coconut oil	Lb.	37,348	30,660	7,421	5,745
Palm oil	Lb.	39,858	53,926	4,255	1,498
Perilla oil	Lb.	0	0	0	0
Tung oil	Lb.	1,771	207	29	207
Sugar, excluding beet. (2,000 lb.)	Ton	2,525	2,721	259	283
Molasses	Gal.	242,462	118,324	17,690	11,951

a/ Corrected to October 19, 1945. b/ Less than 500.

c/ Excludes wool, free in bond for use in carpets, etc.

d/ Excludes wheat for milling bond and export.

